The clustering of narrow-line AGN in the local Universe

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Trigger of AGN activity?

- N-body/hydro simulations:
 - ♦ Interactions: gas → central regions → enhanced SF
 - ♦ Some of this gas → black hole → nuclear activity ??
 - Little clear observational evidence !!
- Do AGN show excess near-neighbour counts relative to non-AGN?
 - Yes: Seyferts (Petrosian '82), quasars (Serber et al. '06)
 - No: Seyferts (Miller et al. '03), X-ray (Waskett et al. '05)
 - Different intrinsic luminosities?
- Are AGN more clustered than non-AGN?
 - No: 2QZ×2dFGRS (Croom et al. '05), SDSS narrow-line (Wake et al. '04), X-ray (Mullis et al. '05)
 - Yes: radio-lound (Magliocchetti et al. '04)
 - LINER/Seyfert (Constantin & Vogeley '06)
 - AGN not a random subsample of the galaxy population!

Our approach

Questions:

- How do the locations of galaxies inside/around DM haloes influence ongoing accretion onto BHs?
- Is AGN activity triggered by galaxy interactions or mergers?
- Differences from previous studies:
 - ♦ AGN-galaxy cross-correlations from ~ 10 kpc to ~ 10 Mpc: probing the detailed scale dependence
 - The dependence of clustering on
 - $ightharpoonup M_{ullet}$: σ_*
 - ▶ the accretion rate: $L[O m]/M_{\bullet}$
 - Well-constructed control samples of inactive galaxies: closely matched in z, M_{\ast} , structure, mean stellar age
 - Mock redshift surveys: how AGN trace the underlying galaxy and halo populations?

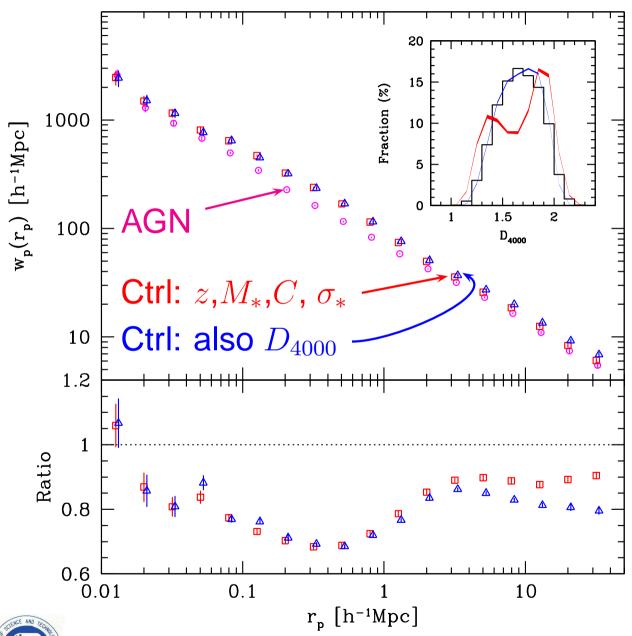


Samples

- AGN sample
 - $ightharpoonup \sim 90,000$ narrow-line AGN from SDSS DR4, $< z > \approx 0.1$
 - ♦ ordered by decreasing L[O III]/M.
 "powful": top 25%; "weak": bottom 25%
- Control samples of inactive galaxies
 - Two sets, each consists of 20 samples
 - $ightharpoonup \Delta cz < 500~{
 m km~s^{-1}}$, $\Delta \log M_* < 0.1$, $\Delta \sigma_* < 20~{
 m km~s^{-1}}$, $\Delta C < 0.1$
 - in addition, ΔD_n (4000) < 0.05
- Reference samples
 - ♦ Spectroscopic: $\sim 3 \times 10^5$, 14.5 < r < 17.6, $-23 < M_{0.1}$ _r < -17 the projected AGN-galaxy cross-correlation function $w_p(r_p)$
 - ♦ Photometric: $\sim 10^6$, 14.5 < r < 19 counts of close neighbours around AGN



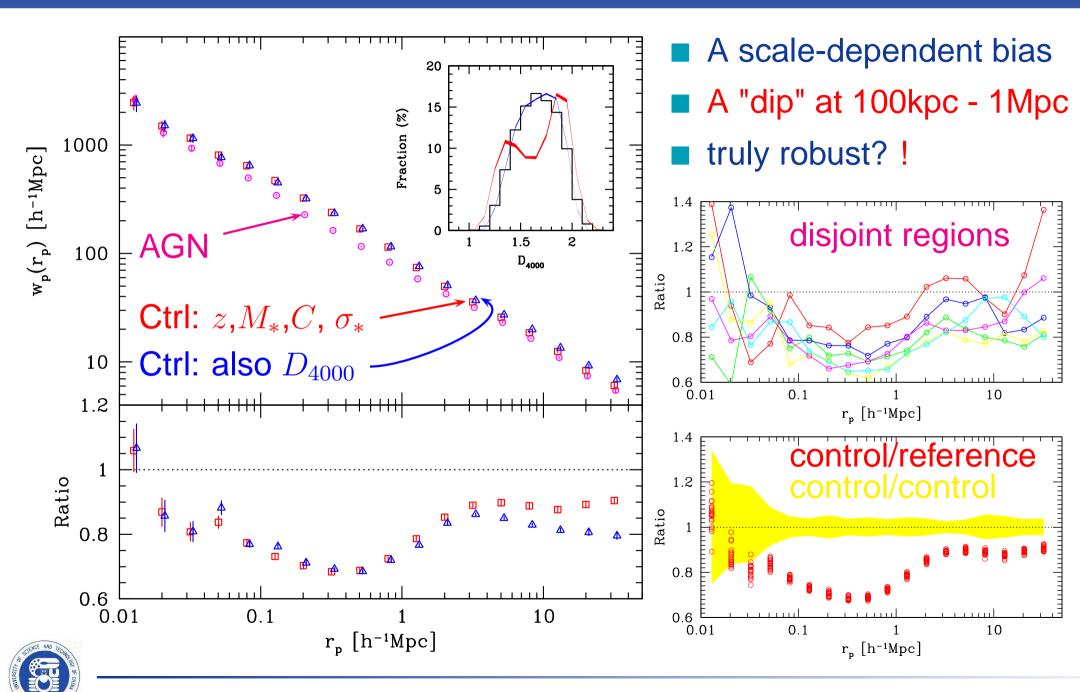
AGN bias



- A scale-dependent bias
- A "dip" at 100kpc 1Mpc
- truly robust?

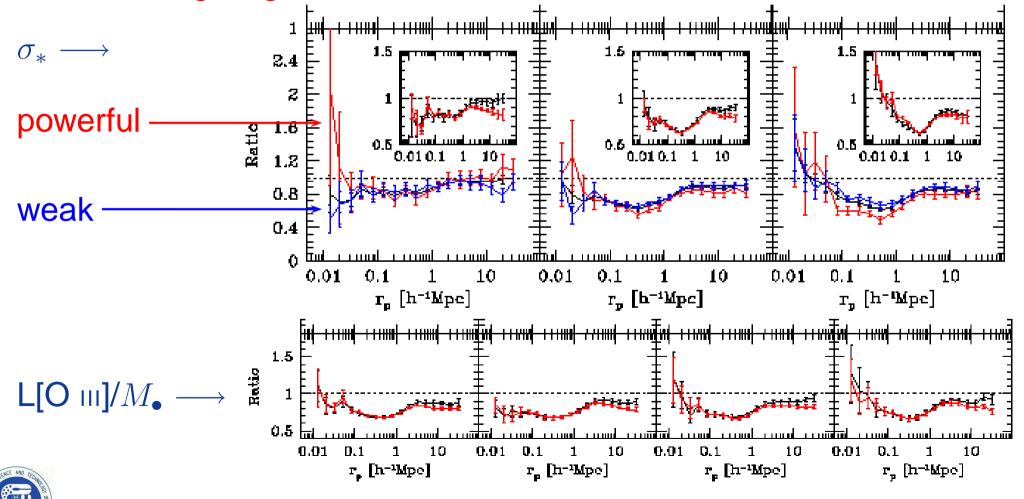


AGN bias

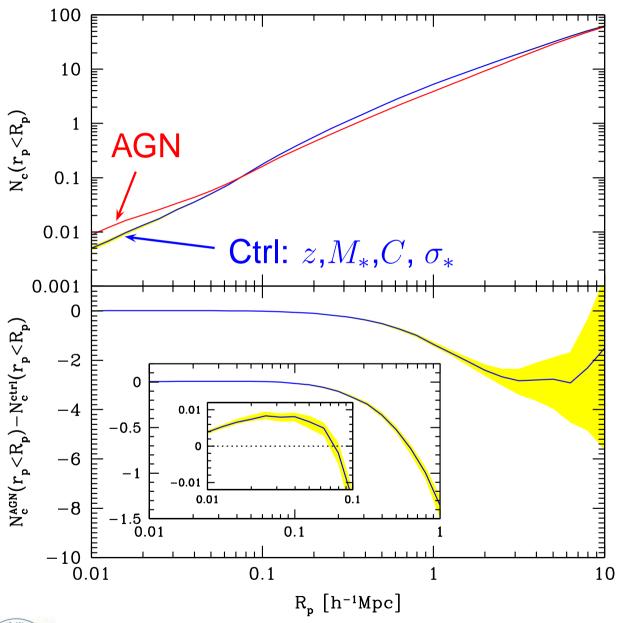


Dependence on BH mass and AGN power

- the "dip": most pronounced at largest σ_* and highest L[O III]/ M_{ullet}
- $r_p < 0.1 \mathrm{Mpc}$: more powerful, more strongly clustered
- NOT of high significance



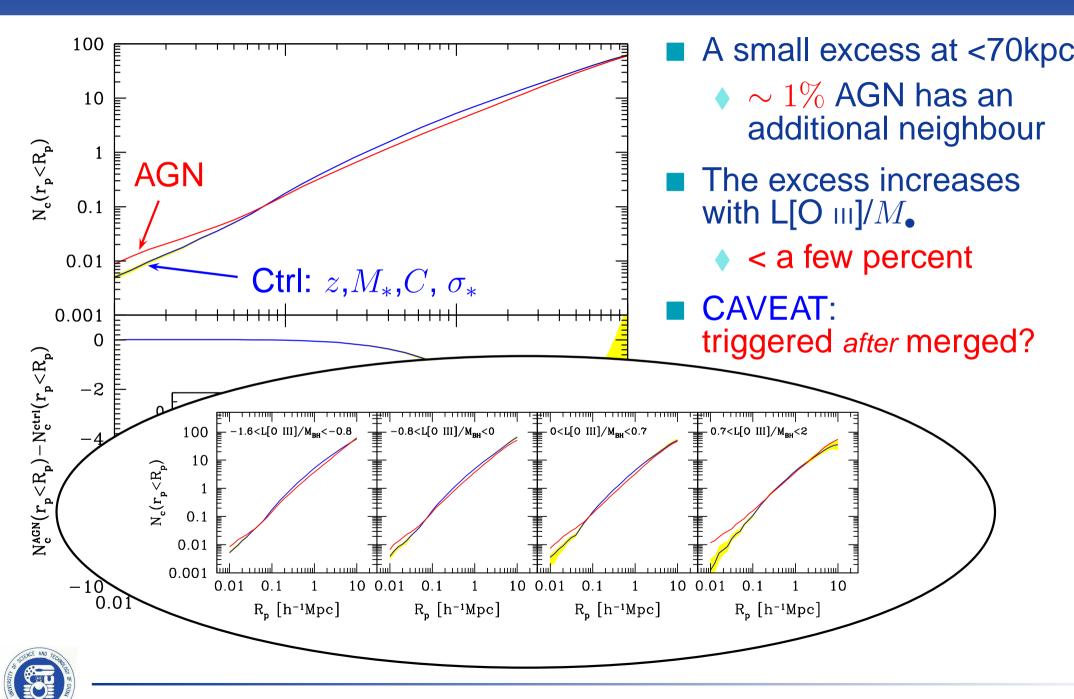
Close neighbour counts



- A small excess at <70kpc</p>

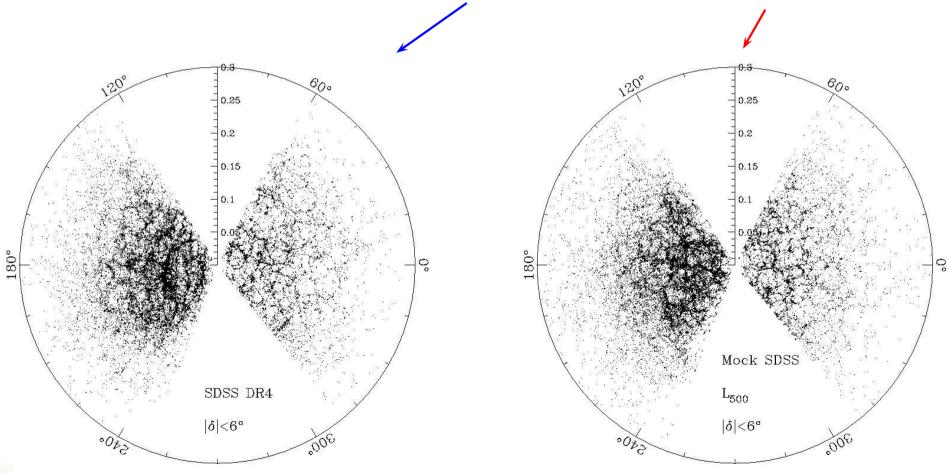


Close neighbour counts



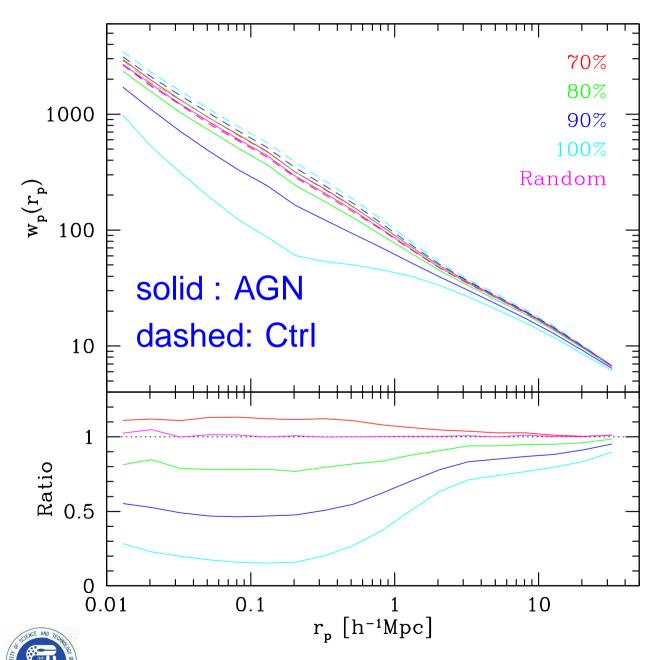
Constructing mock catalogues

- Millennium Simulation (Springel et al. 2005)
- Semi-analytic models (SAM, Croton et al. 2006)
- The same selections as the SDSS DR4 Mock catalogues



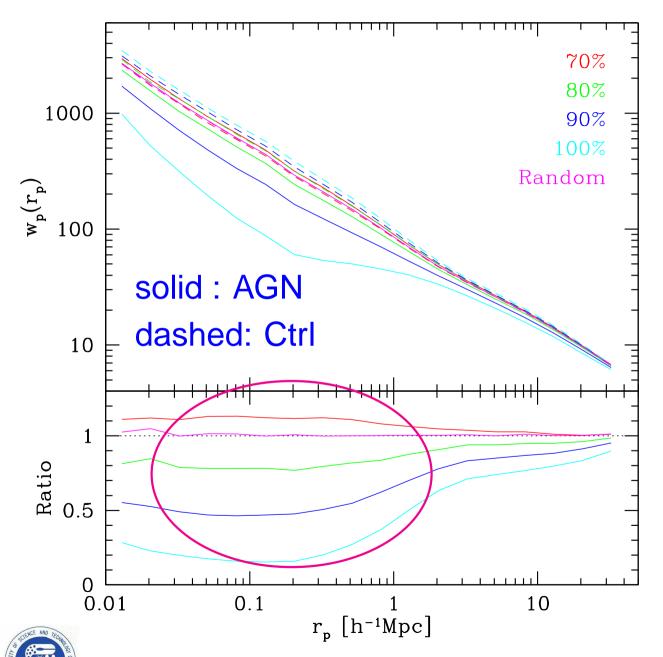


A simple HOD model



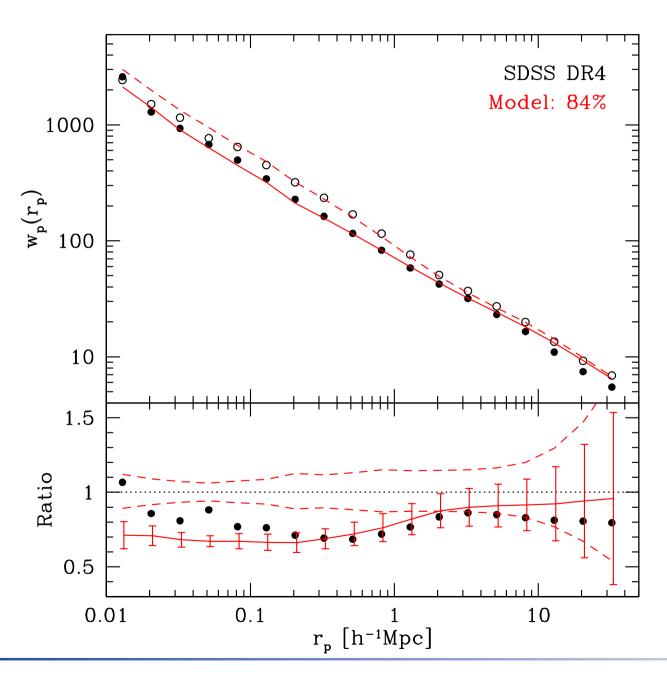
- Preferred positions within DM haloes?
- The halo centre?
 - gas: cool efficiently
 - mergers: majority
- Mock AGN
 - f_c: fraction of AGN that are central galaxies
 - lacktriangle matched by M_* , z

A simple HOD model



- Preferred positions within DM haloes?
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 - gas: cool efficiently
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 - f_c: fraction of AGN that are central galaxies
 - lack matched by M_* , z
- Larger $f_c \longrightarrow$ more pronounced dip

Comparison with the observation





Summary

- Conclusions
 - > a few Mpc: does not differ significantly
 - 100kpc 1 Mpc: antibias → halo centers
 - < 70 kpc: a small excess of close companions
 an alternative mechanism rather than interactions
- Why halo centres?
 - mergers?: rather weak evidence
 - offending satellites already swallowed?
 - too low intrinsic luminosities?
 - gas cooling?
 - X-ray: also elusive (Benson et al. '00, Pederson et al. '06)
 - GALEX: extended disks (Kauffmann et al. '06)
 - ► Theoretical: disks form and survive for longer periods at halo centres (Mo, Mao & White '98, Cayatte et al. '94)
 - dynamical perturbations driven by the dark matter
 - → gas inflows and fuelling of BH (Gao & White '06)

THANK YOU!

